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- (71) Applicant: ASCOM HASLER MAILING SYSTEMS, INC. [US/US]; 19 Forest Parkway, Shelton, CT 06484 (US).
- (72) Inventors: BROOKNER, George, M.; 11 Surrey Drive, Norwalk, CT 06851 (US). LANDINO, Michael, R.; 350 Woodland Lane, Orange, CT 06477 (US).
- (74) Agent: GREEN, Clarence, A.; Perman & Green, LLP, 425 Post Road, Fairfield, CT 06430 (US).

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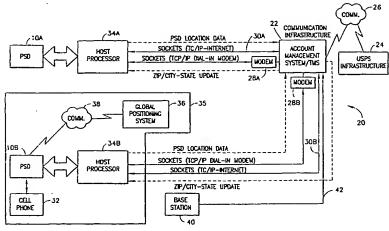
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: DYNAMIC REASSIGNMENT OF POSTAL METERING DEVICE LICENSING LOCATION



(57) Abstract: A method for operating a device (10, 10A, 10B), a device (10, 10A, 10B), and an arrangement including the device (10, 10A, 10B), for the secure storage of funds comprising interfacing the device (10, 10A, 10B) with a system (22); transmitting from the device (10, 10A, 10B) to the system (22) a present location of the device (10, 10A, 10B); comparing in a database associated with the system (22) the present location of the device (10, 10A, 10B) with a previously stored location; and transmitting to the device (10, 10A, 10B) from the system (22) an authorization to utilize the funds only if the present location is within a predetermined region associated with the previously stored location. The authorization is transmitted only if the present location matches the previously stored location. Generally, the device (10, 10A, 10B) is licensed for use at the previously stored location, and if the comparing indicates that the device (10, 10A, 10B) is not in the predetermined region, the system (22) issues a new license for a region associated with the present location of the device (10, 10A, 10B).

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

DYNAMIC REASSIGNMENT OF POSTAL METERING DEVICE LICENSING LOCATION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) from provisional patent application Serial No. 60/195,683 filed on April 7, 2000, which is incorporated herein by reference.

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to postal metering devices. More particularly it relates to the reassignment of the location of postal metering devices, and the apparatus therein used to securely store funds.

2. Background Art

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Throughout the history of postage metering, at least in the United States, it has been a requirement of the Postal Service to assure the postage funds spent from a postage meter were allocated to the post office where the meter is registered.

In accordance with United States Postal Service (USPS) regulations, a postage meter licensee must obtain a meter license from the post office where the mailing is to be deposited. If a licensee changes the post office where metered mail is to be deposited, the meter must be checked out of service by the licensing post office. That meter or another meter must be licensed at the new post office before it is reset or initial settings are made. This is a marked disadvantage in terms of the lack of flexibility and inconvenience to the user.

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The purpose of the above, historic, method of meter licensing is to assure that the proper local post office is credited with the postage dispensed by its licensed meters. With the advent of smaller and smaller postage metering device and in fact transportable postage funds vaults, these present day licensing techniques and their inherent disadvantages are no longer necessary.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of this invention to provide a postage funds vault (also referred to as a Postal Security Device (PSD), herein) able to be moved from location-to-location and used to dispense postage in all locations, while the proof of postage expenditures are allocated to the local post office where the mailpiece will be deposited.

It is another object of this invention to change the post office licensing /location used by the PSD to accommodate the use of said PSD at locations other than the initial licensing post office.

It is still another object of this invention to provide 20 the ability to dynamically identify the location of the PSD at the time of use to an appropriate infrastructure such that the related local post office locations may be programmed into the PSD. The infrastructure of choice mav be the existing infrastructure referred to Telemetering Setting (TMS) generally in service today 25 (also referred to as Computerized Remote Postage meter Resetting System (CMRS)). Other infrastructure implementations are envisioned, including that of the These CMRS entities allow remote funds loading 30 into the PSD.

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It is yet another object of this invention to adapt a PSD to a printing system such that the PSD-printer combination may be moved from location to location. This is typical of a small postal metering device of this type.

In accordance with the invention, the TMS, at all times knows the physical location of any PSD that is dispensing The TMS will immediately notify the local USPS infrastructure that the license holder of any specific 10 PSD is using said PSD in a location outside that to which it was originally licensed. For example, the PSD may have been licensed to the home address of the customer, and the customer may then use the PSD at some other location outside the servicing area of the local post office that assigned the license. 15 Preferably, the TMS notifies a centralized USPS infrastructure as to its whereabouts, and the centralized postal infrastructure associates the PSD location to the appropriate local post office.

The USPS infrastructure then issues a modified meter license reflecting the location of the PSD to the TMS center. The associated TMS database acknowledges to the associated PSD that its postal zip code is changed, or that, in addition, its city/state location is changed.

The PSD then receives a download with the related zip code and/or city/state designation. Then the PSD produces proof of postage indicium with the correct local postal drop off location.

Thus, the invention is directed to a method for operating

a device for the secure storage of funds comprising interfacing the device with a system; transmitting from the device to the system a present location of the

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comparing in a database associated with device; present location of the device previously stored location; and transmitting device from the system an authorization to utilize the funds only if the present location is within predetermined region associated with the previously stored location. The authorization is transmitted only if the present location matches the previously stored Generally, the device is licensed for use at the previously stored location, and if the comparing indicates that the device is not in the predetermined region, the system issues a new license for a region associated with the present location of the device.

The method may further comprise communicating from the system to the device, data associated with the present location.

The device may be a postal security device and the data may include at least one of zip code, city and state information. The method may further comprise powering up the device, the method being conducted when the device is powered up. Generally the transmitting is done when the device establishes a contact with the system. The contact with the system may be terminated after the location of the device is determined.

If the contact is made by telephone, the location of the device is determined by using caller identification. If the contact is made using a network, the location of the device is determined by obtaining a network address of the device. If the contact is made using the internet, the location of the device is determined by using internet service provider location identification. If the contact is made using a cellular telephone port, the

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location of the device is determined using a location identifier of a cellular telephone system with which the cellular telephone communicates. The device may be associated with a position determining apparatus for determining its location, the device providing to the system its location as determined by the position determining apparatus. The position locating apparatus may be a global positioning system receiver.

Also in accordance with the invention, there is provided device for the secure storage of funds comprising a 10 apparatus for storing value of the funds; associated with the device for determining a location of and a communication port for the device; communication between the device and a system, the device communicating the location to the system via the port. 15 The device may further comprise apparatus for receiving from the system an authorization to access the funds, if is within a predetermined region, location location corresponds alternatively, if the predetermined location. 20

The invention is also directed to an arrangement for securely dispensing funds comprising a device for the secure storage of funds, including a memory for storing value of the funds, apparatus associated with the device for determining a location of the device; a communication port for providing communication between the device and a system, the device communicating the location to said system via said port; the system having a database for storing, for each device, a predetermined location; and apparatus in the system for providing an authorization to the device to dispense funds only if the present location is within a region associated with the predetermined

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location, or if the present location is the predetermined location. Preferably, cryptographic key management supports secure communication with the device. The device may include apparatus for inhibiting operation of the device or the host, if the device does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from the host or the host does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from said device.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- The foregoing aspects and other features of the present invention are explained in the following description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:
- Fig. 1 is a conceptual representation of a PSD in accordance with the invention.
 - Fig. 2 is a system diagram illustrating the manner in which different types of PSD's in accordance with the invention may be interfaced in the system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Fig 1, a secure source of funds such as a PSD 10 is configured with a well known vault structure 12 which generally includes an ascending register, a descending register and suitable encryption technology to allow it to receive funds from a central telemetering system and to dispense those funds for use in, for example, a standard postal metering system. Vault 12 is also associated with a communications port 14 to allow the downloading of funds from the telemetering system and the withdrawal of funds by the postal metering system.

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The PSD 10 according to the invention is also associated with a location generator 16 which derives information concerning the location of the PSD. This can be accomplished in a variety of ways as more fully described below with respect to Fig. 2. However, what is important is that when PSD 10 makes contact with the central TMS system, it transmits, by way of the communications port 14, the location information generated by location generator 16, to the central system. Preferably, this is done whenever the PSD 10 is powered up. While it could be done more frequently, or even on a continuous basis, this would be a wasteful use of communication resources.

After receiving the location, the central system either permits PSD 10 to dispense postage if it is at its licensed location (or in a region associated with the licensed location, such as within the same zip code area) fully described below, inhibits more dispensing of postage until a new license is issued for the new location. Once the central TMS system has received the new location of the PSD 10 it is no longer necessary to maintain a connection with The connection may be broken until the next time PSD 10 is powered up. It will be recognized by one skilled in the required communication with this that art telemetering system may be used as an opportunity to deal with download funds, transmit logs, or generally associated chores administrative communication between the PSD 10 and the central system. known in the art such communication As is well appropriate generally conducted using encryption technology such as for example, public key, private key digital encryption to enhance security and digitally signed with an appropriate digital certificate. WO 01/078018 8 PCT/US01/11508

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Referring to Fig. 2, a system 20 in accordance with the invention is illustrated. A corporate/communication infrastructure (such as one operated by a particular corporation) simply or more a communications infrastructure 22, including appropriate TMS and account management systems, is connected through a communication link with the postal authority infrastructure, such as in the United States, the United States Postal Service infrastructure 24, by a secure communications link 26. Communications infrastructure 22 is in turn connected to numerous PSD's 10A, 10B. In accordance with the invention are various means for the PSD's to communicate with communications infrastructure 22. These include dial-in modems 28A, 28B, and internet connections 30A, 30B using secure sockets with the TC/IP internet protocol. Alternatively, a PSD may communicate with communications infrastructure 22 using a cell phone port 32.

Each PSD 10A, 10B according to the invention is generally associated with a host processor 34A or 34B. In the case 20 of a postal metering system for a home or small business, host processor 34A may be in a small portable postal metering system. Alternatively, host processor 34A may be a personal computer. In any event, a connection between host processor 34A and communications infrastructure 22 is established by either dial-in modem 25 28A or using the internet as illustrated at 30A. powering up of the PSD, PSD location data is transmitted 10 via host processor 34A or from either PSD processor 34A to communications infrastructure 22. most secure arrangement is to have the PSD generate the 30 location information. Thus, any change in the location of the PSD will be detected. However, it is also possible to have the host processor generate location

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information, or to be associated with apparatus that performs this function. In this case, it is preferred that the PSD and its host are configured so that they can only operate if associated with one another. the PSD may be configured so that it will example, operate only if it receives a predetermined digitally coded data sequence from the host processor with which it intended to operate. In addition, or in the is alternative, the host processor may be configured so that it will not withdraw funds from a PSD unless the PSD provides to it a different, predetermined digitally coded data sequence. The general approach here is to enhance security when the PSD may be removed from the postage metering device.

In the case of a dial-in modem, a determination of the location of the PSD may be accomplished by using ordinary caller identification, if an ordinary public service switched network telephone line is used. However, in this case the option of suppressing caller identification may not be used when the call to communications infrastructure 22 is made.

If the PSD location data transmitted from host processor 34A matches that stored in the database associated with system of communications account management the infrastructure 22, then communications infrastructure 22 transmits an authorization to the host processor to allow 10A to dispense postage. As noted above, opportunity now exists for ordinary exchanges between the PSD 10A and communications infrastructure 22 place such as downloading funds or uploading logs. After any such house keeping functions occur, which are not required in accordance with the invention, the connection WO 01/078018 10 PCT/US01/11508

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between host processor 34A and communications infrastructure 22 may be broken.

If the PSD location data transmitted to communications infrastructure 22 does not match that stored in the account management system of communications infrastructure 22, the USPS infrastructure 24 is informed of this change via communications link 26. infrastructure then issues a modified meter license reflecting the location of the PSD 10A to communications infrastructure 22. The account management system database is updated and the host processor 34A receives information indicating that the postal zip code and if appropriate to the new location, the city/state location has been changed. When this information has been downloaded to the host processor, the PSD can then produce proof of postage indicium with the correct local postal drop off location data contained therein.

In the case of larger postal metering systems, the PSD 10B may be associated with a host processor 34B in a rather large mailing system 35. Again, connections may be made using a dial-in modem 28B over a telephone line or via the internet 30B. In the case of an internet connection, the location of the host processor therefore the PSD may be determined by using the internet service providers' user location information. address of the host processor can pinpoint the location of the PSD. Again, the PSD location is uploaded to communications infrastructure 22 and if necessary, because the location has changed, zip code and city and state update information is downloaded to host processor 34B.

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Another alternative way of obtaining location information is to have associated with the postal metering system a global positioning system receiver 36 connected through a communications link 38 to the PSD. Thus, accurate global positioning system information may be provided through the host processor 34B to communications infrastructure 22 to quickly and accurately identify the location of PSD 10B.

As yet another alternative, a cell phone port 32 may be associated with PSD 10B of the associated postal metering system. The cell phone may make contact, through an appropriate base station 40 and a telephone line 42, with communications infrastructure 22. The cell phone system would thus provide, via its location identifier, the location of the PSD.

While the present invention has particular applicability to the printing of postal indicia due to the postal regulations, it will be understood that it may be applied to a variety of applications. For example, items other In this case, where than postal indicia may be printed. there may be no specific regulations on point, invention will provide an additional layer of security so that if the secure source of funds and its associated system are stolen and moved to a new location (besides such as call back usual security measures requirements, where the communications infrastructure 22 returns a phone call to the host processor associated with the PSD) it will instantly become evident that the PSD has been moved.

30 It should be understood that the foregoing description is only illustrative of the invention. Various alternatives and modifications can be devised by those skilled in the

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art without departing from the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is intended to embrace all such alternatives, modifications and variances which fall within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for operating a device for the secure storage of funds comprising:

interfacing said device with a system;

transmitting from said device to the system a present location of said device;

comparing in a database associated with said system the present location of said device with a previously stored location; and

transmitting to said device from said system an authorization to utilize said funds only if the present location is within a predetermined region associated with said previously stored location.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said authorization is transmitted only if the present location matches the previously stored location.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said device is licensed for use at said previously stored location, and if the comparing indicates that the device is not in the predetermined region, the system issues a new license for a region associated with the present location of said device.
- 4. The method of claim 3, further comprising communicating from the system to the device, data associated with the present location.

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- 5. The method of claim 4 wherein said device is a postal security device and said data includes at least one of zip code, city and state information.
- 6. The method of claim 1, further comprising powering up said device, the method being conducted when said device is powered up.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein said transmitting is done when said device establishes a contact with said system.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein said contact with said system is terminated after the location of said device is determined.
- 9. The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact is made by telephone, the location of said device is determined by using caller identification.
- 10. The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact is made using a network, the location of said device is determined by obtaining a network address of said device.
- 11. The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact is made using the internet, the location of said device is determined by using internet service provider location identification.
- 12. The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact is made using a cellular telephone port, the location of said device is determined using a location identifier of a cellular telephone system with which said cellular telephone communicates.
- 13. The method of claim 7 wherein said device is associated with a position determining apparatus for

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determining its location, said device providing to said system its location as determined by said position determining apparatus.

- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein said position locating apparatus is a global positioning system receiver.
- 15 The method of claim 1 wherein said device is a postal security device.
- 16. A device for the secure storage of funds comprising:

a memory for storing value of said funds;

apparatus associated with said device for determining a location of said device; and

- a communication port for providing communication between said device and a system, said device communicating said location to said system via said port.
- 17. The device of claim 16 further comprising apparatus for receiving from said system an authorization to access said funds, if said location is within a predetermined region.
- 18. The device of claim 17 wherein said apparatus provides access to said funds if said location corresponds to a predetermined location.
- 19. The device of claim 16, further comprising apparatus for encrypting and digitally signing, or digitally signing said communication.

20. An arrangement for securely dispensing funds comprising:

a device for the secure storage of funds, including:

a memory for storing value of said funds,

apparatus associated with said device for determining a location of said device;

a communication port for providing communication between said device and a system, said device communicating said location to said system via said port;

the system having a database for storing, for each device, a predetermined location; and

apparatus in said system for providing an authorization to said device to dispense funds only if said present location is within a region associated with said predetermined location.

- 21. The arrangement of claim 20 wherein said apparatus provides said authorization only if said present location matches said previously stored location.
- 22. The arrangement of claim 19 wherein cryptographic key management supports secure communication with the device.
- 23. A device for the secure storage of funds comprising:
 - a memory for storing value of said funds;
 - a communication port for providing communication with a with a host for said device;

apparatus for preventing operation of said device or said host if said device does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from said host or said host does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from said device.

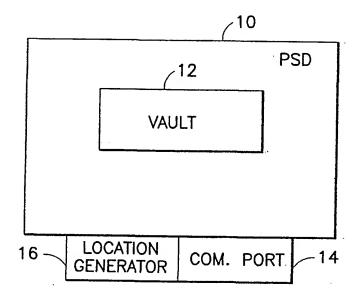
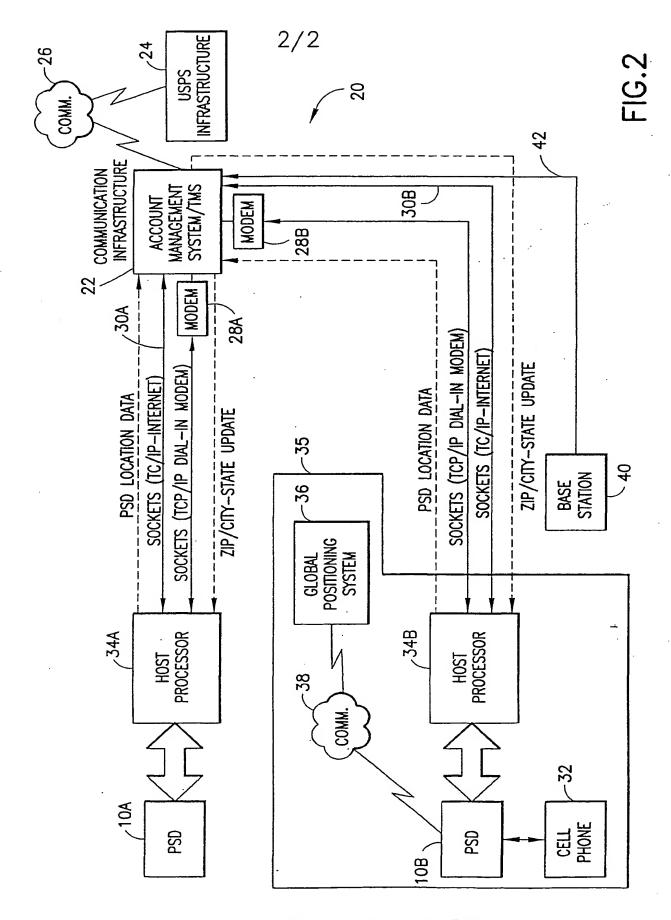


FIG.1

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US01/11508

4		<u></u>					
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(7) :G07B 17/00 US CL :705/401							
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC							
	LDS SEARCHED						
Minimum d	locumentation searched (classification system follower	ed by classification symbols)					
U.S. :	U.S. : 705/400, 401, 403, 410						
Documentat	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the	ne extent that such documents are included	l in the fields searched				
None							
Electronic d	Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)						
None							
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where a	ppropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.				
A	"Pitney Bowes finds niche in express mail market"; Connecticut 1-18, 20, 2 Business. 16 March 1986, page 111, see lines 10-16.						
A	US 4,787,045 A (STORACE et al) 22	1-18, 20, 21 & 23					
A	EP 0665 517 A2 (HERBERT) 02 Aug	1-18, 20, 21 & 23					
Α	US 5,710,706 A (MARKL et al) 20 J	1-18, 20, 21 & 23					
A	EP 0 854 449 A2 (GRAVELL et al) 22 July 1998, see abstract.		1-18, 20, 21 & 23				
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.							
	cial categories of cited documents: unnent defining the general state of the art which is not considered	"T" later document published after the inte date and not in conflict with the applica	tion but cited to understand the				
to be of particular relevance		principle or theory underlying the invo					
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is		considered novel or cannot be consider when the document is taken alone	red to involve an inventive step				
cite	d to establish the publication date of another citation or other citation (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the	claimed invention cannot be				
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		considered to involve an inventive combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in th	documents, such combination				
une	ument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent	family				
Date of the actual completion of the international search		Date of mailing of the international search report					
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Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230		Telephone No. (703) 305-9783					

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US01/11508

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)					
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:					
1.		Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:			
_					
2.	x	Claims Nos.: 19 & 22 because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:			
		I in regard to claims 19 & 22, these claims lack support with in the disclosure for either encrypting or signing the mmunication or using cryptographic key management.			
3.		Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).			
Вох	ı II C	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)			
Thi	s Inter	rnational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:			
	•				
1.		As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.			
2.		As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.			
3.		As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:			
4.		No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:			
Ras	nark :	on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.			
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.					

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- (71) Applicant: ASCOM HASLER MAILING SYSTEMS, INC. [US/US]; 19 Forest Parkway, Shelton, CT 06484 (US).
- (72) Inventors: BROOKNER, George, M.; 11 Surrey Drive, Norwalk, CT 06851 (US). LANDINO, Michael, R.; 350 Woodland Lane, Orange, CT 06477 (US).
- (74) Agent: GREEN, Clarence, A.; Perman & Green, LLP, 425 Post Road, Fairfield, CT 06430 (US).

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- with international search report
- before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: DYNAMIC REASSIGNMENT OF POSTAL METERING DEVICE LICENSING LOCATION

(57) Abstract: A method for operating a device (10, 10A, 10B), a device (10, 10A, 10B), and an arrangement including the device (10, 10A, 10B), for the secure storage of funds comprising interfacing the device (10, 10A, 10B) with a system (22); transmitting from the device (10, 10A, 10B) to the system (22) a present location of the device (10, 10A, 10B); comparing in a database associated with the system (22) the present location of the device (10, 10A, 10B) with a previously stored location; and transmitting to the device (10, 10A, 10B) from the system (22) an authorization to utilize the funds only if the present location is within a predetermined region associated with the previously stored location. The authorization is transmitted only if the present location matches the previously stored location. Generally, the device (10, 10A, 10B) is licensed for use at the previously stored location, and if the comparing indicates that the device (10, 10A, 10B) is not in the predetermined region, the system (22) issues a new license for a region associated with the present location of the device (10, 10A, 10B).

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DYNAMIC REASSIGNMENT OF POSTAL METERING DEVICE LICENSING LOCATION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) from provisional patent application Serial No. 60/195,683 filed on April 7, 2000, which is incorporated herein by reference.

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to postal metering devices. More particularly it relates to the reassignment of the location of postal metering devices, and the apparatus therein used to securely store funds.

2. Background Art

Throughout the history of postage metering, at least in the United States, it has been a requirement of the Postal Service to assure the postage funds spent from a postage meter were allocated to the post office where the meter is registered.

In accordance with United States Postal Service (USPS) regulations, a postage meter licensee must obtain a meter license from the post office where the mailing is to be deposited. If a licensee changes the post office where metered mail is to be deposited, the meter must be checked out of service by the licensing post office. That meter or another meter must be licensed at the new post office before it is reset or initial settings are made. This is a marked disadvantage in terms of the lack of flexibility and inconvenience to the user.

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The purpose of the above, historic, method of meter licensing is to assure that the proper local post office is credited with the postage dispensed by its licensed meters. With the advent of smaller and smaller postage metering device and in fact transportable postage funds vaults, these present day licensing techniques and their inherent disadvantages are no longer necessary.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of this invention to provide a postage funds vault (also referred to as a Postal Security Device (PSD), herein) able to be moved from location-to-location and used to dispense postage in all locations, while the proof of postage expenditures are allocated to the local post office where the mailpiece will be deposited.

15 It is another object of this invention to change the post office licensing location used by the PSD to accommodate the use of said PSD at locations other than the initial licensing post office.

It is still another object of this invention to provide the ability to dynamically identify the location of the PSD at the time of use to an appropriate infrastructure such that the related local post office locations may be programmed into the PSD. The infrastructure of choice may be the existing infrastructure referred to as Telemetering Setting (TMS) generally in service today (also referred to as Computerized Remote Postage meter Resetting System (CMRS)). Other infrastructure implementations are envisioned, including that of the USPS. These CMRS entities allow remote funds loading into the PSD.

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It is yet another object of this invention to adapt a PSD to a printing system such that the PSD-printer combination may be moved from location to location. This is typical of a small postal metering device of this type.

In accordance with the invention, the TMS, at all times knows the physical location of any PSD that is dispensing postage. The TMS will immediately notify the local USPS infrastructure that the license holder of any specific PSD is using said PSD in a location outside that to which it was originally licensed. For example, the PSD may have been licensed to the home address of the customer, and the customer may then use the PSD at some other location outside the servicing area of the local post office that assigned the license. Preferably, the TMS notifies a centralized USPS infrastructure as to its whereabouts, and the centralized postal infrastructure associates the PSD location to the appropriate local post office.

The USPS infrastructure then issues a modified meter license reflecting the location of the PSD to the TMS center. The associated TMS database acknowledges to the associated PSD that its postal zip code is changed, or that, in addition, its city/state location is changed.

The PSD then receives a download with the related zip code and/or city/state designation. Then the PSD produces proof of postage indicium with the correct local postal drop off location.

Thus, the invention is directed to a method for operating

a device for the secure storage of funds comprising
interfacing the device with a system; transmitting from
the device to the system a present location of the

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device; comparing in a database associated with the device with the present location of the previously stored location; and transmitting to the device from the system an authorization to utilize the within the present location is if only the previously predetermined region associated with The authorization is transmitted only stored location. if the present location matches the previously stored location. Generally, the device is licensed for use at the previously stored location, and if the comparing indicates that the device is not in the predetermined region, the system issues a new license for a region associated with the present location of the device.

The method may further comprise communicating from the system to the device, data associated with the present location.

The device may be a postal security device and the data may include at least one of zip code, city and state information. The method may further comprise powering up the device, the method being conducted when the device is powered up. Generally the transmitting is done when the device establishes a contact with the system. The contact with the system may be terminated after the location of the device is determined.

If the contact is made by telephone, the location of the device is determined by using caller identification. If the contact is made using a network, the location of the device is determined by obtaining a network address of the device. If the contact is made using the internet, the location of the device is determined by using internet service provider location identification. If the contact is made using a cellular telephone port, the

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location of the device is determined using a location identifier of a cellular telephone system with which the cellular telephone communicates. The device may be associated with a position determining apparatus for determining its location, the device providing to the system its location as determined by the position determining apparatus. The position locating apparatus may be a global positioning system receiver.

Also in accordance with the invention, there is provided 10 device for the secure storage of funds comprising a memory for storing value of the funds; associated with the device for determining a location of device; and a communication port for providing communication between the device and a system, the device communicating the location to the system via the port. 15 The device may further comprise apparatus for receiving from the system an authorization to access the funds, if location is within a predetermined region, alternatively, or if the location corresponds predetermined location. 20 a

The invention is also directed to an arrangement for securely dispensing funds comprising a device for the secure storage of funds, including a memory for storing value of the funds, apparatus associated with the device for determining a location of the device; a communication port for providing communication between the device and a system, the device communicating the location to said system via said port; the system having a database for storing, for each device, a predetermined location; and apparatus in the system for providing an authorization to the device to dispense funds only if the present location is within a region associated with the predetermined

location, or if the present location is the predetermined location. Preferably, cryptographic key management supports secure communication with the device. The device may include apparatus for inhibiting operation of the device or the host, if the device does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from the host or the host does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from said device.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- The foregoing aspects and other features of the present invention are explained in the following description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:
- Fig. 1 is a conceptual representation of a PSD in accordance with the invention.
 - Fig. 2 is a system diagram illustrating the manner in which different types of PSD's in accordance with the invention may be interfaced in the system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

20 Referring to Fig 1, a secure source of funds such as a PSD 10 is configured with a well known vault structure 12 which generally includes an ascending register, a descending register and suitable encryption technology to allow it to receive funds from a central telemetering system and to dispense those funds for use in, for example, a standard postal metering system. Vault 12 is also associated with a communications port 14 to allow the downloading of funds from the telemetering system and the withdrawal of funds by the postal metering system.

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The PSD 10 according to the invention is also associated with a location generator 16 which derives information concerning the location of the PSD. This can accomplished in a variety of ways as more fully described below with respect to Fig. 2. However, what is important is that when PSD 10 makes contact with the central TMS system, it transmits, by way of the communications port the location information generated by generator 16, to the central system. Preferably, this is done whenever the PSD 10 is powered up. While it could be done more frequently, or even on a continuous basis, this would be a wasteful use of communication resources.

After receiving the location, the central system either permits PSD 10 to dispense postage if it is at licensed location (or in a region associated with the 15 licensed location, such as within the same zip code area) more fully described below, inhibits dispensing of postage until a new license is issued for the new location. Once the central TMS system has received the new location of the PSD 10 it is no longer necessary to maintain a connection with it. The connection may be broken until the next time PSD 10 is powered up. It will be recognized by one skilled in the that this required communication telemetering system may be used as an opportunity to $\dot{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$ download funds, transmit logs, or deal with administrative chores generally associated with communication between the PSD 10 and the central system. As is well known in the art such communication is generally conducted using appropriate encryption technology such as for example, public key, private key digital encryption to enhance security and may be digitally signed with an appropriate digital certificate.

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Referring to Fig. 2, a system 20 in accordance with the invention is illustrated. A corporate/communication infrastructure (such as one operated by a particular corporation) or more simply a communications infrastructure 22, including appropriate TMS and account management systems, is connected through a communication link with the postal authority infrastructure, such as in the United States, the United States Postal Service infrastructure 24, by a secure communications link 26. Communications infrastructure 22 is in turn connected to numerous PSD's 10A, 10B. In accordance with the invention are various means for the PSD's to communicate with communications infrastructure 22. These include dial-in modems 28A, 28B, and internet connections 30A, 30B using secure sockets with the TC/IP internet protocol. Alternatively, a PSD may communicate with communications infrastructure 22 using a cell phone port 32.

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Each PSD 10A, 10B according to the invention is generally associated with a host processor 34A or 34B. In the case of a postal metering system for a home or small business, host processor 34A may be in a small portable postal metering system. Alternatively, host processor 34A may be a personal computer. In any event, a connection 34A and communications host processor infrastructure 22 is established by either dial-in modem -28A or using the internet as illustrated at 30A. powering up of the PSD, PSD location data is transmitted from either PSD 10 via host processor 34A or from processor 34A to communications infrastructure 22. most secure arrangement is to have the PSD generate the location information. Thus, any change in the location of the PSD will be detected. However, it is also possible to have the host processor generate location

information, or to be associated with apparatus that performs this function. In this case, it is preferred that the PSD and its host are configured so that they can only operate if associated with one another. For example, the PSD may be configured so that it will operate only if it receives a predetermined digitally coded data sequence from the host processor with which it intended to operate. In addition, or alternative, the host processor may be configured so that it will not withdraw funds from a PSD unless the PSD provides to it a different, predetermined digitally coded The general approach here is to enhance data sequence. security when the PSD may be removed from the postage metering device.

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In the case of a dial-in modem, a determination of the location of the PSD may be accomplished by using ordinary caller identification, if an ordinary public service switched network telephone line is used. However, in this case the option of suppressing caller identification may not be used when the call to communications infrastructure 22 is made.

If the PSD location data transmitted from host processor 34A matches that stored in the database associated with the account management system of communications infrastructure 22, then communications infrastructure 22 transmits an authorization to the host processor to allow 10A to dispense postage. As noted above, opportunity now exists for ordinary exchanges between the PSD 10A and communications infrastructure 22 place such as downloading funds or uploading logs. After any such house keeping functions occur, which are not required in accordance with the invention, the connection

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between host processor 34A and communications infrastructure 22 may be broken.

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If the PSD location data transmitted to communications infrastructure 22 .does not match that stored in the account management system of communications infrastructure 22, the USPS infrastructure 24 is informed of this change via communications link 26. The USPS infrastructure then issues a modified meter license reflecting the location of the PSD 10A to communications infrastructure 22. The account management system database is updated and the host processor 34A receives information indicating that the postal zip code and if appropriate to the new location, the city/state location has been changed. When this information has been downloaded to the host processor, the PSD can then produce proof of postage indicium with the correct local postal drop off location data contained therein.

In the case of larger postal metering systems, the PSD 10B may be associated with a host processor 34B in. a rather large mailing system 35. Again, connections may be made using a dial-in modem 28B over a telephone line or via the internet 30B. In the case of an internet connection, the location of the host processor and therefore the PSD may be determined by using the internet service providers' user location information. address of the host processor can pinpoint the location of the PSD. Again, the PSD location is uploaded to communications infrastructure 22 and if necessary, because the location has changed, zip code and city and state update information is downloaded to host processor 34B. ----

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Another alternative way of obtaining location information is to have associated with the postal metering system a global positioning system receiver 36 connected through a communications link 38 to the PSD. Thus, accurate global positioning system information may be provided through the host processor 34B to communications infrastructure 22 to quickly and accurately identify the location of PSD 10B.

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As yet another alternative, a cell phone port 32 may be associated with PSD 10B of the associated postal metering system. The cell phone may make contact, through an appropriate base station 40 and a telephone line 42, with communications infrastructure 22. The cell phone system would thus provide, via its location identifier, the location of the PSD.

While the present invention has particular applicability to the printing of postal indicia due to the postal regulations, it will be understood that it may be applied to a variety of applications. For example, items other than postal indicia may be printed. In this case, where there may be no specific regulations on point, invention will provide an additional layer of security so that if the secure source of funds and its associated system are stolen and moved to a new location (besides usual security measures such as call back requirements, where the communications infrastructure 22 returns a phone call to the host processor associated with the PSD) it will instantly become evident that the PSD has been moved.

It should be understood that the foregoing description is only illustrative of the invention. Various alternatives and modifications can be devised by those skilled in the

art without departing from the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is intended to embrace all such alternatives, modifications and variances which fall within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for operating a device for the secure storage of funds comprising:

interfacing said device with a system;

transmitting from said device to the system a present location of said device;

comparing in a database associated with said system the present location of said device with a previously stored location; and

transmitting to said device from said system an authorization to utilize said funds only if the present location is within a predetermined region associated with said previously stored location.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said authorization is transmitted only if the present location matches the previously stored location.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said device is licensed for use at said previously stored location, and if the comparing indicates that the device is not in the predetermined region, the system issues a new license for a region associated with the present location of said device.
- 4. The method of claim 3, further comprising communicating from the system to the device, data associated with the present location.

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The method of claim 4 wherein said device is a postal security device and said data includes at least one of zip code, city and state information.

- The method of claim 1, further comprising powering up said device, the method being conducted when said device is powered up.
- The method of claim 1, wherein said transmitting is done when said device establishes a contact with said system.
- The method of claim 7, wherein said contact with said system is terminated after the location of said device is determined.
- The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact is made by telephone, the location of said device is determined by using caller identification.
- The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact 10. is made using a network, the location of said device is determined by obtaining a network address of said device.
- The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact 11. is made using the internet, the location of said device is determined by using internet service provider location identification.
- The method of claim 7 wherein if said contact is made using a cellular telephone port, the location of said device is determined using a location identifier of a cellular telephone system with which said cellular telephone communicates.
- The method of claim 7 wherein said device is associated with a position determining apparatus for

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determining its location, said device providing to said system its location as determined by said position determining apparatus.

- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein said position locating apparatus is a global positioning system receiver.
- 15 The method of claim 1 wherein said device is a postal security device.
- 16. A device for the secure storage of funds comprising:

a memory for storing value of said funds;

apparatus associated with said device for determining a location of said device; and

- a communication port for providing communication between said device and a system, said device communicating said location to said system via said port.
- 17. The device of claim 16 further comprising apparatus for receiving from said system an authorization to access said funds, if said location is within a predetermined region.
- 18. The device of claim 17 wherein said apparatus provides access to said funds if said location corresponds to a predetermined location.
- 19. The device of claim 16, further comprising apparatus for encrypting and digitally signing, or digitally signing said communication.

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20. An arrangement for securely dispensing funds comprising:

- a device for the secure storage of funds, including:
 - a memory for storing value of said funds,

apparatus associated with said device for determining a location of said device;

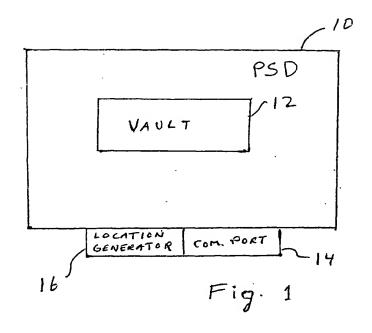
a communication port for providing communication between said device and a system, said device communicating said location to said system via said port;

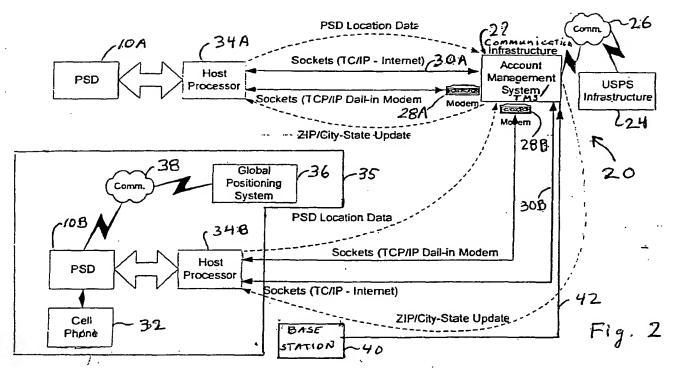
the system having a database for storing, for each device, a predetermined location; and

apparatus in said system for providing an authorization to said device to dispense funds only if said present location is within a region associated with said predetermined location.

- 21. The arrangement of claim 20 wherein said apparatus provides said authorization only if said present location matches said previously stored location.
- 22. The arrangement of claim 19 wherein cryptographic key management supports secure communication with the device.
- 23. A device for the secure storage of funds comprising:
 - a memory for storing value of said funds;
 - a communication port for providing communication with a with a host for said device;

apparatus for preventing operation of said device or said host if said device does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from said host or said host does not receive a predetermined digital coded sequence from said device.





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US01/11508

4 67						
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(7) :G07B 17/00						
US CL :705/401 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC						
B. FIELDS SEARCHED						
Minimum o	documentation searched (classification system follow	ved by classification symbols)				
U.S. : 705/400, 401, 403, 410						
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched None						
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) None						
C. DOC	CUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
A	"Pitney Bowes finds niche in expre Business. 16 March 1986, page 111,	ss mail market"; Connecticut see lines 10-16.	1-18, 20, 21 & 23			
Α	US 4,787,045 A (STORACE et al) 22 November 1988, see abstract.		1-18, 20, 21 & 23			
A	EP 0665 517 A2 (HERBERT) 02 Au	EP 0665 517 A2 (HERBERT) 02 August 1995, see abstract.				
A	US 5,710,706 A (MARKL et al) 20	US 5,710,706 A (MARKL et al) 20 January 1998, see abstract.				
A	EP 0 854 449 A2 (GRAVELL et al)	22 July 1998, see abstract.	1-18, 20, 21 & 23			
	• •					
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family annex.	<u> </u>			
Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international files document		matignal filing date or origin				
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance		date and not in conflict with the applica principle or theory underlying the inve	HOD but cited to understand the			
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is		"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone				
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other		document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination				
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orm PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1998)*						

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US01/11508

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)				
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:				
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:				
Claims Nos.: 19 & 22 because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically: 2.1 in regard to claims 19 & 22, these claims lack support with in the disclosure for either encrypting or signing the				
communication or using cryptographic key management.				
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).				
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)				
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:				
·				
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.				
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.				
As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:				
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:				
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.				

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